



8天7夜

# 胡志明/古芝/美拖/ 大叻/芽庄



Tour Code: VML

## 精简行程:

## 观光景点:

**第一天 抵达-胡志明市**  
(机上用餐/晚餐)

**第二天 胡志明市/古芝/  
胡志明市** (早/午/晚餐)

- 古芝地道
- 红教堂 (圣母大教堂)
- 邮政大楼
- 总统府
- 战争博物馆
- 漆器工厂
- 手工艺品店

**第三天 胡志明市/美拖/  
胡志明市** (早/午/晚餐)

- 船游湄公河 (品尝越南之特产时节水果+欣赏当地传统民谣+乘坐三板船)
- 永长寺

**第四天 胡志明市/大叻**  
(早/午/晚餐)

- Prenn 瀑布
- 大叻市场
- 达拉拉瀑布
- 疯狂的屋子
- 竹林禅院
- 绣花工厂

**第五天 大叻/芽庄** (早/午/晚餐)

- 竹林禅院
- 泉林湖
- 大叻花园
- 爱情谷

**第六天 芽庄/兰花岛/猴子岛**  
(早/午/晚餐)

- 兰花岛
- 猴岛

**第七天 芽庄/胡志明市**  
(早/午/晚餐)

- 滨城市场
- 天后宫
- 西贡河游艇夜总会晚餐

**第八天 胡志明市-回程**  
(早/机上用餐)

行程次序·以当地旅社安排为准。



## 胡志明

- **邮政大楼** - 建于19世纪末, 由法国建筑师设计, 大厅内部装饰华丽, 圆顶极富古典气息。这座邮局至今仍在用。
- **总统府**-位于市中心西贡区(第1区), 又称独立宫或统一会堂。建于1869年, 是法属时期的印度支那总督府, 越战时(1954~1975年)成为南越政权的总统府, 又称为“独立宫”, 南越总统吴庭艳、阮文绍、阮高其等都先后在这里办公, 现辟为展览馆, 使用总面积达13万平方米, 是当年胡志明市规模最大的建筑群。

## 古芝

- **古芝地道** - 此地道长逾200公里, 为越南抗美时期的越共游击队之地下根据地。游客至此可亲身感受到越共打游击战之苦, 并体验战争现场的气氛。

## 美拖

- **美拖** - 船游湄公河, 参观泰山岛及在水果园品尝越南之特产时节水果, 并欣赏当地传统民谣等。之后参观生产椰子糖工厂, 岛上居民区, 手工艺品加工处, 养蜜蜂处和品尝蜜糖茶。然后乘坐小船沿小河畅游再转接大船返岸, 午餐品尝美拖驰名的-越式泡象耳鱼。
- **永长寺** - 该寺距今有100多年的历史, 是当地著名的寺庙之一。永长寺从建筑风格上沿袭了南亚佛教寺庙的元素, 色彩鲜亮明快, 线脚花饰繁多, 体量玲珑轻盈, 可以用金碧辉煌富丽堂皇来形容它的外观。特别之处是除了在殿堂供奉佛像之外, 在院子里也供奉着佛祖、弥勒和观音的巨型塑像。

## 大叻

- **大叻** - 位于越南中南部西原高原区, 海拔1475米。“大叻”是土语水都之意。该地是法国殖民时期开发的避暑胜地, 风景优美, 有如欧洲风情画, 气温全年在15-24度之间。
- **Prenn 瀑布**-是大叻著名的自然瀑布, 瀑布脚下还有座小桥, 当你接近瀑布时, 你可以感受到从10米落下的水雾所带来的温度上的变化。
- **疯狂的屋子**-大叻最著名的建筑, 盘根错节的巨大“枯木”、硕大的人造蜘蛛网、口眼发光的动物雕塑, 设计大胆疯狂, 却也巧妙。所有盘旋台阶的拐角处, 都设有桌椅可以品茗, 顶层房间设计了玻璃天窗在床的正上方, 可以夜观繁星。而所有房间的水电供暖俱全, 却看不到一根水管和电线, 设计师Nga的心思缜密, 可见一斑。
- **竹林禅院**-四个中文大字“竹林禅院”甚至让人有身处国内的错觉, 没有烟雾缭绕的供香台, 但多了许多禅宗故事的浮雕。入禅院时注意要穿长袖长裤或者长裙。
- **泉林湖**-由Da Trea泉造成的, 湖的名稱出發自雄偉天然: 泉和林一起抱著所以人家已經把它叫為泉林湖。
- **大叻花园**-建于1966年, 位于城市的心脏地带, 覆盖面积约7000平方米。园内种植着几百种不同种类的花类植物, 如蝴蝶兰, 绣球花, 玫瑰, 紫罗兰, 含羞草和桃花等。有些花一年可以开放好几次。所以, 无论在什么季节, 园区总有美丽的植物, 游客还可以在花园里购买美丽的花束。
- **爱情谷**-被誉为大叻高原睡美人的爱情山谷总面积近140公顷, 气候凉爽宜人、自然风光优美。

## 芽庄

- **芽庄**-位于越南南部海岸线最东端的地方, 芽庄的海滨沙滩一望无际, 是海滨旅游的理想胜地。早在越战时期, 美军便将芽庄作为其度假胜地。
- **猴岛**-位于芽庄北端, 上面生活着约1800-2000只猴子, 调皮又可爱。游客可以给他们喂食物, 还可以与他们嬉戏游玩, 以及参观聪明伶俐的猴子与小狗带来的惟妙惟肖的表演。
- **兰花岛**-参观凤兰洞以数百种颜色漂亮的兰花。特别的是, 贵客将参观及接触于自然森林的非洲鸵鸟及麋鹿。可以欣赏精彩的大象、熊猫表演节目, 看湖的风景。尤其, 贵客可以参加骑鸵鸟的服务, 通过开枪节目目睹一位战士(自费), 在安平海水浴,

出发日期:

航班行程:

	团费	机场税及 燃油附加费	小费	旅行社 代收费用	签证	旅行 保险	总数
成人							
小孩							

Travel Agent:



**8D7N**

# HO CHI MINH/CU CHI/ DALAT/NHA TRANG



Tour Code: VML

**Schedule:**

- D1 ARRIVAL-HO CHI MINH** (MOB/D)
  - D2 HO CHI MINH CITY/  
CU CHI/HO CHI MINH CITY** (B/L/D)
    - Cu Chi Tunnel
    - Presidential Palace
    - Notre Dame Cathedral
    - Old Saigon Post Office
    - War Museum
    - Lacquerware factory
    - Handicraft Centre
  - D3 HO CHI MINH CITY /  
MY THO/HO CHI MINH CITY** (B/L/D)
    - Thoi San (Fruite Tasting + Traditional Folk Songs + Sampan Ride)
    - Vinh Trang Pagoda
  - D4 HO CHI MINH CITY /  
DALAT** (B/L/D)
    - Prenn Waterfall
    - Da Lat Market
    - Datanla Waterfall
    - Crazy House
    - Embroidery workshop
  - D5 DA LAT/NHA TRANG** (B/L/D)
    - Truc Lam Pagoda
    - Tuyen Lan Lake
    - Flowers Garden
    - Valley of Love
  - D6 NHA TRANG/ORCHID  
STREAM/MONKEY ISLAND** (B/L/D)
    - Orchid Stream (Heo Peninsula)
    - Monkey Island
  - D7 NHA TRANG /  
HO CHI MINH CITY** (B/L/D)
    - Ben Thanh Market
    - Thien Hau Pagoda
  - D8 HO CHI MINH CITY-  
RETURN** (B/MOB)
- Sequences of Itinerary are subject to local arrangement.

**Tourist Attractions:**



**HO CHI MINH**

- **Presidential Palace** – also known as Reunification Palace built on the site of the former Norodom Palace, is a landmark in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. It was designed by architect Ngô Viết Thu and was the home and workplace of the President of South Vietnam during the Vietnam War. It was the site of the end of the Vietnam War during the Fall of Saigon on April 30, 1975, when a North Vietnamese Army tank crashed through its gates.
- **Old Saigon Post Office** – is Saigon's French-styled post office. Built between 1886 and 1891, the ochre - coloured building has a glass canopy, ceiling fans, and enormous wall maps of "Saigon et Ses Environs".

**Cu Chi**

- **Cu Chi Tunnel** – Where human knowledge has been enriched by experiencing an web-like tunnels system of more than 200km in length which used to be the shelters of guerrillas during the war against American troops.

**MY THO**

- **My Tho** – Boat ride to Mekong River with islet stop at Thoi Son to taste seasonal fruits, enjoy traditional folk songs, visit the production of coconut candy factory, raising honey bees and tasting honey tea. Then, visit the authentic life of the local and challenge your bargaining power at cottage handicraft shops. An adventurous sampan ride in palm shading creeks will be the next experience of the riverside region. Lunch to be served with the Mekong Delta specialty "Deep Fried Elephant Ear Fish".
- **Vinh Trang Pagoda** – is the greatest pagoda of Tien Giang Province, in an area of 2,000m2 with many beautiful trees. It was built in 1849 in My Phong village, My Tho City, in the shape of "Nation" letter of Chinese characters

**DA LAT**

- **Da Lat** – The town is full of beautiful French-era buildings and surrounded by pine trees and farms growing exotic vegetables and flowers.
- **Prenn Waterfall** – Prenn waterfall is located at the foot of Prenn Pass which is 10 km far from Dalat city, is the gateway of Dalat. In the old time, there was a village of prenn up the stream, so the waterfall bears the name Prenn.
- **Da lat Market** – is similar to many of Vietnam's city markets and is an interesting place to spend a short while to feel the vibe of the real Vietnam. It is made up of more than 1,000 shops in a few multi-storey buildings
- **Datanla Waterfall** – Datanla is no doubt one of the most visited waterfalls in Dalat and is conveniently located a few kilometres south of town.
- **Crazy House** – It's hard to meet people who have visited Dalat and have not been to Hang Nga Guest House and Art Gallery, better known as the 'Crazy House' because of its bizarre concept and tree-like shape, designed by Dang Viet Nga, a Soviet-trained Vietnamese architect who first established it in 1990..
- **Tuc Lam Pagoda** – Truc Lam Pagoda is popular and probably the prettiest and the best-kept shrine in Dalat. Located on Phuong Hoang Mountain by Tuyen Lam Lake, it features a cast bronze bell, a pagoda and many Buddha images.
- **Tuyen Lan Lake** – Tuyen Lam Lake, 6 km to the South of Dalat, has the water surface of 350 ha. It was created by Tia stream - head water of Da Tam River.
- **Flower Garden** – These gardens were established in 1966 and include hydrangeas, fuchsias and orchids, the latter in shaded buildings to the left of the entrance. Like any good Vietnamese park, the gardens have been embellished with kitsch topiary.
- **Valley Of Love** - is popular with Vietnamese newlyweds. It has rolling green hills, lakes and beautiful gardens and picnicking spaces. Youngsters like this place not only because of the small amusement park but for the western-like 'cowboys' with their fake guns, and wide hats.

**NHA TRANG**

- **Nha Trang** - is Vietnam's most famous seaside resort-town. It's more lively and urban in character than other beach destinations like Mui Ne and Phu Quoc. It's also the scuba diving center of Vietnam.
- **Orchid Peninsula** - is arguably the finest peninsula with a beautiful stretch of beach and scenic landscape. You can ride an ostrich and there is an animal show featuring a 25 year-old elephant and bears. If you have time, hike up to Orchid Stream, 500 metres above sea level, where you can climb over the rocks to paddle and splash around.
- **Monkey Island** - with wild animals, Orchid spring, Hang Tien beach, coral reef are the places we will go sightseeing. Do not hesitate to make friends with hundreds of lovely monkeys on Hon Lao island, and do not miss the funny animal show, play with elephants and ostriches (on own cost). You really have precious time of relaxation.

Departure Date:

Flight :

	Tour Fare	Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge	Tipping	ACF	Visa	Travel Insurance	Total
Adult							
Child							

Travel Agent: